

SODIUM PERCARBONATE

Version: 1 Form No: 000001 *Preparation Date : 08/09/2017 Revision Date: 08/09/2017*

1. IDENTIFICATION				
1.1 Product Identifier				
Product Name	SODIUM PERCARBONATE			
Chemical Name	Sodium per carbonate			
$CAS^2 No$	15630-89-4			
EINECS ³ No	239-707-6			
1.2 Relevant Identified Uses Of T	he Substance or Mixture And Uses Advised Against			
Relevant Identified Uses	 It is one of the basic raw materials of the Chemical Industry with a wide range of applications. Some general examples are as follows: Bleaching, cleaning and stain removal agent for laundry and automatic dishwashing detergent formulations. Stain remover agent for stain remover product formulations. Bleaching agent for textile and paper industry applications. Bleaching and disinfectant agent for several food and pharmaceutical industry applications Bleaching agent for various personnel cleaning and cosmetics products Oxidizer disinfectant for a variety of industrial cleaning applications. 			
Uses Advised Against	See chapter 16 for a general overview			
1.3 Details Of The Supplier Of T	he Safety Data Sheet			
Supplier (Manufacturer)	AK-KİM KİMYA SAN. VE TİC. A.Ş.			
	www.akkim.com.tr			
Address – Factory	Merkez Mahallesi, Ak-Kim Sokak, No:7 Çiftlikköy-Taşköprü / YALOVA- TÜRKİYE			
Telephone	0 226 815 33 00			
Fax	0 226 353 25 39			
1.4 Information Providing Autho	rity About Safety Data Sheet			
	Halime Burcu Çelikkol			
Telephone	+90 (226) 815 33 00			
Fax	+90 (226) 353 25 32			
E-mail	burcu.celikkol@akkim.com.tr			
1.5 Emergency Telephone Numb	er			
Company Emergency	0 226 815 33 00			



According To OSHA HCS (29 CFR 1910.1200)

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Preparation Date : 08/09/2017 Version: 1 Revision Date: 08/09/2017 orm No: 000001 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION 2.1.1 GHS Classification Oxidizing solids, Category 2; H272 Acute toxicity, Category 4, oral; H302 Serious eye damage, Category 1; H318 2.2 Label elements **Product** Name **GHS** Classification *Sodium percarbonate* Hazard Pictograms Signal Word DANGER Hazard Statements *H272 May intensify fire; oxidizer* H302 Harmful if swallowed H318 Causes serious eye damage **Precautionary Statements** General None **Prevention P210** Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. **P220** *Keep/Store away from clothing/combustible materials* **P280** Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection Response **P305+P351+P338** IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. **P370+P378** In case of fire: Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish **Storage P401** Store in a cool and dry place. Disposal None



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OSHA Defined Hazards

. None

2.3 Other Hazards

. None

2.4. Additional Information

 \cdot None

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substance: Sodium percarbonate (100 %)

3.2 Mixtures : Substances in preparations / mixtures

NAME	EINECS NO	CAS NO.	CONTENT (%)	CLASSIFICATION CLP		
Sodium percarbonate	239-707-6	15630-89-4	100 %	DANGER Oxidizing solids, Category 2; H272 Acute toxicity, Category 4, oral; H302 Serious eye damage, Category 1; H318		
For full text of H Statements see section 16.						

4.1 Description of first aid measures

4.1.1 General information

- · Remove contaminated clothing.
- In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).



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4.1.2	Following inhalation
	• If breathed in, move person into fresh air.
	· If not breathing give artificial respiration Consult a physician.
4.1.3	Following skin contact
	· Remove contaminated clothing while protecting yourself.
	· Rinse the affected skin areas for 15 minutes under running water.
	• Arrange medical treatment.
	• After extensive contamination:
	• Immediately use a (deluge) shower and avoid inhalation of acid mists!
	\cdot Lay the casualty down in a quiet place and protect him against hypothermia.
	\cdot In the meantime, call a physician to the site of the accident.
4.1.4	Following eye contact
	• Following contact with liquid splashes or aerosols immediately:
	• Rinse the affected eye with widely spread lids for 15 minutes under running water whilst protecting the unimpaired eye and consult a physician
4.1.5	Following ingestion
	 If the casualty is conscious: have the casualty rinse his or her mouth and spit out the liquid. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.
4.1.6	Self-protection of the first aider
	· Pay attention to self-protection
4.1.7	Notes for the doctor
	No data available
5 TT	DE EICHTING MEASUDESA

- Substance has an oxidizing effect.
- The oxidizing effect is very weak though.
- Firefighting equipment must be available.

5.2 Extinguishing media:

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide

5.3 Unsuitable extinguishing media

None known.

5.4 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Oxidizer: Contact with combustible/organic material may cause fire. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

5.5 Advice for fire-fighters

- Wear NIOSH ⁶ approved breathing apparatus, eye and face protector and chemical resistant clothes.
- Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

5.6 Additional information

Keep away from open flames.

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- · Observe the smoking prohibition!
- Absolutely no welding in the working area.
- Only work with vessels and lines after these have been thoroughly rinsed.
- Work done with fire or open flame should only be carried out with written
- permission if the risk of fire or explosion cannot be completely eliminated.
- Keep away from combustible materials.
- Filter the solutions only with glass wool, glass chips, or ceramic filters. Do not use any filtration materials made of paper which risks ignition after drying. Do not leave any cleaning rags lying in the open.
- Cool surrounding containers with water spray.
- Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
- If possible, take container out of dangerous zone.
- Do not allow runoff to get into the sewage system.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- Use personal protective equipment. Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing dust. Ensure adequate ventilation.
- Evacuate personnel to safe areas.
- Wear respiratory protection, eye protection, hand protection and body protection (Refer to protective measures listed in section 7 and 8).

6.2 Environmental precautions

- Do not let product enter drains.
- Discharge into the environment must be avoided.
 - Do not empty into drains or the aquatic environment..

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

6.3.1 For containment

- · Control personal contact by using protective equipment as required
- Take up contaminated material and pass on for further processing.
- Pick up and arrange disposal without creating dust. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13)..
- · Afterwards ventilate area and wash spill site.
- Contain for disposal according to local / national regulations.

6.3.2 For cleaning up

- Use protective equipment while cleaning if necessary.
- Avoid dust formation. Dust formation that cannot be avoided must be collected regularly.
- Use a tested industrial vacuum cleaner or suction device.
- Use of a blower for cleaning is not permitted.
- Only conduct maintenance and other work on or in the vessel or closed spaces after obtaining written permission..

6.3.3 Other information

• Dispose of waste material according to local, state and federal regulations.

6.4 Reference to other sections

• Dispose of contaminated material as waste in accordance with section 13.



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See Section 13.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1.1 Precautions for safe handling

7.1.2 Protective measures

Personal preventions

- Avoid formation of dust and aerosols.
- *Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed.*
- Keep away from sources of ignition No smoking.
- Keep away from combustible material.

Fire preventions

See section 5.

Environmental precautions:

Dispose of waste material according to local, state and federal regulations.

Advice on general occupational hygiene 7.1.3

- Clean daily.
- Use protective equipment while cleaning if necessary
- Avoid vapor or dust formation.
- *Clean equipment and floor with a great amount of water, never dry.*
- Do not raise dust while cleaning.
- Use of a blower for cleaning is not permitted.
- Only conduct maintenance and other work on or in the vessel or closed spaces after obtaining written permission.
- Only work with vessels and lines after they have been thoroughly rinsed.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Take care to maintain clean working place.
- The substance must not be present at workplaces in quantities above that required for work to be progressed.
- Do not leave container open.
- *Use leak-proof equipment with exhaust for refilling or transfer.*
- Avoid spillage.
- Fill only into labelled container.
- Avoid rising dust.

7.1 Advice on common storage

- Do not use any food containers risk of mistake.
- Containers have to be labelled clearly and permanently.
- Store in the original container as much as possible.
- Keep container tightly closed.
- Store in a cool place.
- Store in a dry place.
- Addition of stabilizers is necessary.
- Do not refill excess materials back into the container. Avoid dangerous impurities. •
- *Keep container in a well-ventilated place.*
- Protect from exposure to sunlight.



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- Protect from overheating/heating up.
- Protect from moisture.
- Install sufficiently large collection rooms (depressions, walls, or stable freestanding walls).

7.2 Specific precautions on storage

- Storage class 5.1 B (Oxidizing substances)
- Only substances of the same storage class should be stored together.
- *Collocated storage with the following substances is prohibited:*
- Pharmaceuticals, foods, and animal feeds including additives.
- Infectious, radioactive und explosive substances.
- Gases.
- Aerosols (spray bottles).
- Other explosive substances of storage class 4.1A.
- Spontaneously flammable substances.
- Substances liberating flammable gases in contact with water.
- Organic peroxides and self-reactive substances.
- Under certain conditions the collocated storage with the following sub-stances is permitted:
- Flammable liquids of storage class 3.
- Flammable solid substances or desensitized substances of storage class 4.1B.
- Ammonium nitrate and preparations containing ammonium nitrate. .
- Combustible and non-combustible acutely toxic substances of storage classes 6.1A and 6.1B.
- Combustible toxic or chronically acting substances of storage class 6.1C.
- Noncombustible toxic or chronically acting substances of storage class 6.1D.
- Combustible corrosive substances of storage class 8A.
- Combustible liquids of storage class 10.
- Combustible solids of storage class 11.
- The substance should not be stored with substances with which hazardous chemical reactions are possible.
- **7.3 Specific end use(s)** See Sections: 1.2.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Preventive industrial and medical examinations must be carried out according to the application area.

Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well-designed engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to provide this high level of protection. Instruction must be provided before employment and then at a minimum of once per annum thereafter.

An escape and rescue plan must be prepared when the location, scale, and use of the worksite so demand.

It must be assured that the workplace limit values are being maintained. If the limit values are exceeded, additional protection measures are necessary.

The measurements must be recorded and kept on file.

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The number of employees who work with the hazardous substance must be kept to a minimum.

Only employees are permitted to enter the work areas. Signposting to this effect must be displayed

8.1.1 Occupational exposure limits

- Components with workplace control parameters
 - TLV (ACGIH) : 5 ppm, 7.5mg/m3 (Ceiling)
 - PEL (OSHA): 5 ppm, 7 mg/m3 (Ceiling) EV (ONTARIO): 5 ppm CEV (Ceiling)

Note: NIOSH RELs/ ACGIH TLVs. OSHA PELs. Have not been established for the substances listed in Section 3.

8.2 Exposure controls

- Adequate ventilation should be used during processing
- · Risk of percutaneous absorption
- Substances for which local irritant effects determine the exposure limit value, also respiratory allergens

8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls:

- Provide local exhaust ventilation to control dust/mist/vapors
- In the immediate working surroundings there must be: Emergency shower installed.
- · Make available sufficient washing facilities. 📈
- Provide eye shower and label its location conspicuously.
- See Section 7

8.2.2 Personal protection equipment

8.2.2.1 Eye / Face protection:

- Safety glasses with side shields.
- Wear chemical safety goggles.
- If the face is at risk a protective shield must also be worn
- Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lens or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task. This should include a review of lens absorption and adsorption for the class of chemicals in use and an account of injury experience. Medical and first-aid personnel should be trained in their removal and suitable equipment should be readily available. In the event of chemical exposure, begin eye irrigation immediately and remove contact lens as soon as practicable. Lens should be removed at the first signs of eye redness or irritation - lens should be removed in a clean environment only after workers have washed hands thoroughly.

8.2.2.2 Skin protection

Hand protection

- The use of resistant protective gloves is recommended.
- The glove material must be sufficiently impermeable and resistant to the substance. Check the tightness before wear. Gloves should be well cleaned before being removed, then stored in a well ventilated location. Pay attention to skin care.
- Skin protection crèmes do not protect as effectively against the substance as protective gloves. Therefore suitable protective gloves should be preferred as far as possible.
- Currently there is no information available regarding suitable glove materials.
- Ask the manufacturer for suitable materials.





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• Experience says that polychloroprene, nitrile rubber, butyl rubber, fluoro-caoutchouc, and polyvinyl chloride are suitable as glove materials for protection against undissolved solids.

Body protection

- Use protective boots while handling gas cylinders.
- *Keep full protective suits made from suitable materials ready to be used in case of an accidental release.*
- Protective suits have to be checked for embrittlement after each use.
- Other protection
 - Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

8.2.2.3 Respiratory protection

- In an emergency (e.g.: unintentional release of the substance) respiratory protection must be worn. Consider the maximum period for wear.
- At present time there is no available information about suitable filter respirator.
- A self-contained breathing apparatus can be used in any case.

8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls

• Legislation for the protection of the environment must be met in full.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Form/Physical state Soli	d spherical granules			
Color Whi	te.			
Odor Nor	ne			
	Value			
pH @ (20(°C)	10-10,8 (%1 solution)			
Freezing point/range (°C)	Not available			
Melting point (°C)	Not available			
Flash Point (°C)closed cup	Not available			
Ignition temperature ($^{\circ}C$)	Not available			
Viscosity cp	Not available			
Density	1-1,2 g/ml			
Vapor Density@ 20°C	Not available			
Solubility in water $g/l @ 20^{\circ}C$	140 g/l at 20 °C			
Vapor pressure	Not available			
Partition coefficient n-Octanol/Water (log Ko/w)	Not available			
Evaporation rate	Not available			
Oxidizing Properties	Weak oxidizer			

Note: The above features were determined according to prescribed methods at the Classification, Packaging and Labeling of Hazardous. Substances Regulation Section A-3 or a method comparable to the other.

9.2 Other İnformation *None.*

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

• No data available.



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10.2 Chemical stability	
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Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions. (See section 7.)

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

- Risk of explosion in contact with:
 - friction/impact;
 - The substance can react dangerously with:
 - · combustible substances
 - water -> oxygen

10.4 Conditions to avoid:

• Avoid moisture. Avoid temperatures above 60°C, direct sunlight and contact with sources of heat.

10.5 Incompatible materials:

• Strong reducing agents, Strong acids, Organic materials, Powdered metals, Salts, Heavy metals, Water.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. - Carbon oxides, Sodium oxides, oxygen, heat and steam.

10.7 Hazardous polymerization:

None.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological Effects (Substances in Preparations / Mixtures) General Information

Acute or chronic health hazards result from the substance..

Acute toxicity

- · LD50 Oral rat 1034 mg/kg
 - $LD50 Dermal rabbit \rightarrow 2000 mg/kg 1h$

Skin corrosion/irritation and Eye damage/irritation: Skin:

Rabbit Result: Mild skin irritation.

Eye: Rabbit Result: Severe eye irritation

CMR effects (Carcinogenity) :

IARC: No component of this product presents at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

CMR effects (Mutagenicity and Toxicity for reproduction) :

- <u>Reproductive toxicity</u>:
- No data available
- *Mutagenicity:*
- No data available

11.2 Other Toxicological Effects:

0 5	
Allergic Effects	no data available
Effects on Repeated Doses	No data available
Chronic Exposures	
Sensitization	no data available
Developmental Toxicity	No data available concerning teratogenic effects. The chemical
(Teratogenicity)	structure does not suggest such an effect.



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	Fertility	The results of animal impairing effect. The has been derived fron composition. The che effect.	studies gave no indication of a fertility product has not been tested. The statement n products of a similar structure or mical structure does not suggest such an		
11.3	STOT-single/repeated ex	posures:			
	STOT-single exposure	No data available			
	STOT-repeated exposure	No data available			
11.4	Symptoms related to the	physical, chemical a	nd toxicological characteristics:		
	In case of inhalation	May be harmful if inl	naled. May cause respiratory tract irritation.		
	In case of skin contact	May be harmful if ab	sorbed through skin. May cause skin		
	In case of eye contact	Causes serious eye ir	ritation		
	In case of ingestion	Harmful if swallowec	l		
11.5	Additional Toxicologica	Information:	.01		
12. F 12.1	 The special effects to section 3. <u>Signs and Symptoms</u> Cough, Shortness of the chemical, physic investigated. RTECS: FG0750000 	 health are considerent of <u>Exposure</u> breath, Headache, Nal, and toxicological ATION 	ed by taking into account the information in ausea, Vomiting, to the best of our knowledge properties have not been thoroughly		
	 Acute Fish Tox.(Acute Daphnia Acute Algea Tox Acute Crustacea Acute Microorga 	LC50 96 hour): 70,7n oxicity (EC50 48 hou icity (EC50 48 hour): ns Toxicity (EC50 48 unisms Toxicity (EC10	ng/l -Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) wr): 4,9 mg/lDaphnia magna (Water flea) No data available hour): No data available) 17hour): No data available		
		2 Photo degradation			
2.2	Photo degradation				
12.2	Photo degradation No data available.				
12.2 12.3	<i>Photo degradation</i><i>No data available.</i><i>Effects on Waste Water</i>	Treatment Plants			
12.2	Photo degradationNo data available.Effects on Waste WaterNot determined.	Treatment Plants			
12.2 12.3 12.4	Photo degradationNo data available.Effects on Waste WaterNot determined.Mobility	Treatment Plants			
12.2 12.3 12.4	Photo degradation No data available. Effects on Waste Water Not determined. Mobility Solid, Solubility in water:	Treatment Plants 140 g/l at 20 °C			
12.2 12.3 12.4	Photo degradationNo data available.Effects on Waste WaterNot determined.MobilitySolid,Solubility in water:Refer to eco toxicity	Treatment Plants 140 g/l at 20 °C			
12.2 12.3 12.4	Photo degradation No data available. Effects on Waste Water Not determined. Mobility Solid, Solubility in water: Refer to eco toxicity Water threat c	Treatment Plants 140 g/l at 20 °C lass	WGK 1 - low hazard to waters		
12.2 12.3 12.4	Photo degradation No data available. Effects on Waste Water Not determined. Mobility Solid, Solubility in water: Refer to eco toxicity Water threat c Clean Water In	Treatment Plants 140 g/l at 20 °C lass pact	WGK 1 - low hazard to waters No data available		



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12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment		
Biotic		
Ready biodegradability:	No data available	
Abiotic:		
Hydrolysis as a function of pH:	No data available	
Photolysis:	No data available	
Atmospheric oxidation:	No data available	
Persistence and degradability:		
Decomposition Potential of the products	No data available	
The half-life of degradation	No data available	
Potential degradation of product content in the evaluation of wastewater treatment plants	No data available	
Bioaccumulation Potential :		
Biological environment (biota) accumulation potential	No data av <mark>ail</mark> able	
Potential - nutrients pass through	No data available	
Reference Values - Log Kow , Sw and BCF	No data available	
12.6 Additional information	· OY	
• See the sections 6, 7, 13, 14 and 15.		
13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS	*	

13.1 Product / Packaging disposal

- This material may be recycled if unused, or if it has not been contaminated so as to make it unsuitable for its intended use.
- If it has been contaminated, it may be possible to reclaim the product by filtration, distillation or some other means.
- Shelf life considerations should also be applied in making decisions of this type.
- Note that properties of a material may change in use, and recycling or reuse may not always be appropriate
- When recycling of the product is not possible, disposal to landfill or incineration in accordance with all applicable government laws and regulations is recommended.
- · Disposal according to local authority regulations. Contact waste disposal services

13.2 Contaminated packaging

- If there is product residue in the emptied container, follow directions for handling on the container's label.
- Contaminated packaging must be emptied of all residues and can be recycled following appropriate cleaning.

13.3 Disposal Methods

- Dispose of chemicals waste or in accordance with local regulations.
- Follow all applicable local laws, rules and regulations regarding the proper disposal of this material.
- · If this product has been altered or contaminated with other hazardous materials, appropriate waste analysis may be necessary to determine proper method for disposal



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14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UN 3378 SODIUM CARBONATE PEROXYHYDRATE

	ADR ⁷ /RID ⁸	ADNR	IMDG ⁹	ICAO ¹⁰ /IATA ¹¹	
TRANSPORTATION	Road	River	Marine	Airways	
PROPER SHIPPING NAME	SODIUM CARBONATE PEROXYHYDRATE				
UN/ID No.	3378	3378	3378	3378	
SYMBOL	5.1	5.1		5.1	
CLASS	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	
PACKAGING GROUP	III	III	III	III	
LABELLING NO	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	
CLASSIFICATION CODE	02				
HAZARD NO (HIN NO)	50				
EmS			F-A;S-Q		
MARINE Pollutant			NO		
Tunnel restrictions: Passage forbidden through tunnels of category E.					
Road Transport Notes: This product is regulated as a hazardous material.					

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, Health And Environmental Regulations / Legislation Specific For The Substance

15.1.1 U.S. Federal Regulations

TSCA Inventory Status All components of this product are listed in the Toxic Substance Control Act Chemical Substance Inventory (TSCA). This safety datasheet complies with the requirements of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

15.2 US State Regulations No data available

15.2.1 HAZARD

EU CLP classification according to Annex VI of CLP (Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008)

- May intensify fire; oxidizer
- · Harmful if swallowed
- Causes serious eye damage

15.3 INTERNATIONAL REGULATIONS

• This safety datasheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 and ISO 11014:2009. This product is classified according to EU Directive GHS/CLP.

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16. OTHER INFORMATION

16.1 Other information

- For additional information regarding AK-KIM KIMYA SAN. VE TIC. ŞTİ. products please contact the AK-KIM KIMYA SAN. VE TIC. A.S Serhan Başer -<u>serhan.baser@akkim.com.tr</u>
- The above information complies with the 1907/2006 Directive and its amendments.
- In all cases of potential poisoning supportive therapy is of the utmost importance.

16.2 Related Person

Prepared by: MSc Mehtap Pehlivan Garipoğlu (<u>mehtap.pehlivan@akkim.com.tr</u>)
www.akkim.com.tr; 02268153300

16.3 Revision Date, Version and SDS no

- Date : September 09, 2017
- \cdot Version : 1
- MSDS No : 000001

16.4 Reason of re-issue

Compiling according to Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

16.5 Relevant H- and EUH-phrases (number and full text):

- H272 May intensify fire; oxidizer
- H302 Harmful if swallowed
- H318 Causes serious eye damage

16.6 Legal disclaimer

- The purpose of the above information is to describe the products only in terms of health and safety requirements.
- The information given should not, therefore, be construed as guaranteeing specific properties or as specification.
- Customers should satisfy themselves as to the suitability and completeness of such information for their own particular use.
- The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication.
- The above information relates only to the specific material(s) designated herein and may not be valid for such material(s) used in combination with any other materials or in any process or if the material is altered or processed, unless specified in the text.
- <u>The information given is designed only as guidance for safe handling, use,</u> processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. Due to the many factors outside our control when using this product, we cannot accept liability for any injury, accident, loss or damage caused through its use.



¹ SDS: Safety Data Sheet

² CAS: Chemical Abstract Service

³ EINECS: European INventory of Existing Commercial



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- ⁴ CLP: Classification Labelling and Packaging
- ⁵ GHS: Global Harmonized System
- ⁶ NIOSH-National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (Ulusal İş Sağlığı ve Güvenliği Enstitüsü)
- ⁷ ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
- ⁸ RID: Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail
- ⁹ IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
- ¹⁰ ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization
- ¹¹ IATA: International Air Transport Association

Kontro